



Piramal Swasthya and Aspirational District Transformation Programme

Piramal Swasthya is the philanthropic arm of the Piramal group working in health sector

Aspirational District Transformation Programme

Piramal Swasthya is working in collaboration with **NITI Aayog** to bring about improvement in **31** health and nutrition indicators in **25** districts across **7** states

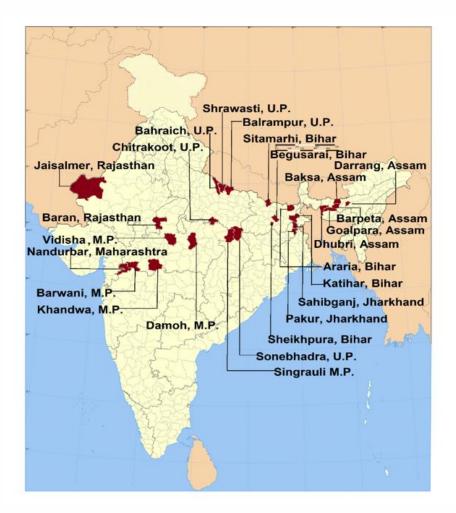
Core areas of work

Building capacities of health providers

Strengthening infrastructure

Community engagement

Effective scheme implementation









COVID Awareness

Introduction **COVID Prevention**

- COVID appropriate behaviour
- COVID vaccine
- Healthy lifestyle

Who is at higher risk? What to do if you get symptoms? Mental health during pandemic Myth Busters

Community engagement

What is stigma? What causes stigma? What does stigma do? Working with community influencers

- Types of community influencers
- Topics of orientation
- Channels of communication
- Field experiences







COVID-19 is a disease caused by the SARS-CoV-2 or novel corona virus.

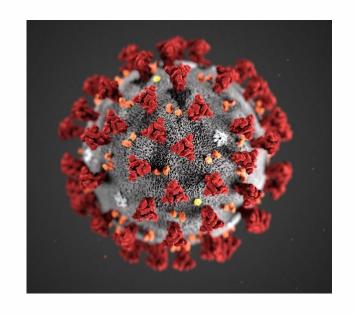
Common symptoms are:

Fever

Cough

Breathing difficulty

About 80% of confirmed cases recover from the disease without any serious complications.



ROUTES OF VIRUS TRANSMISSION

1. Aerosols

2. Droplets

3. Surface





1. The SARS-CoV-2 multiplies in the body of an infected person, the 'host', and from there can be transmitted to others when the host is exhaling, talking, speaking, singing, laughing, coughing, and sneezing etc.

2. Even one infected person showing no symptoms can release enough droplets to create a "viral load" that can infect many others.







COVID Prevention | COVID Appropriate Behaviour









COVID Prevention | COVID Appropriate Behaviour

Ministry of Information and Broadcasting Government of India

#IndiaFightsCorona







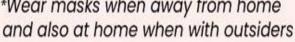
- A double layer cotton homemade mask is better than none.
- N95 mask offers maximum protection.

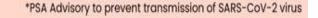


Low Risk

A mask should:

- Fit snugly on your face leaving no air pockets around your nose or chin.
- Cloth masks should be washed and sun-dried each day.
- *Wear masks when away from home







#IndiaFightsCorona



Pairing 2 masks together



For Double Masking:

- Wear a surgical mask, then wear another tight fitting cloth mask over it.
- If you do not have a surgical mask, wear two cotton masks together.
- Ideally surgical mask should be used only once, but when pairing, you can use it up to 5 times by leaving it in a dry place for 7 days after one use (ideally give it some sun exposure) and then reuse as double layer.
- *Double masking recommended

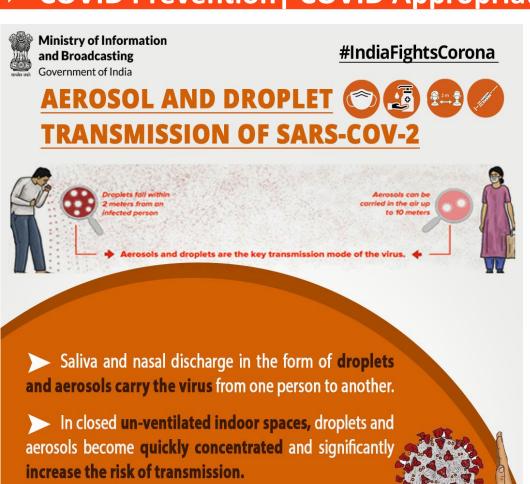
Surgical masks should never be washed.

*PSA Advisory to prevent transmission of SARS-CoV-2 virus





COVID Prevention | COVID Appropriate Behaviour



Infection transmission risk is much lower in outdoor areas, as virus particles get swiftly dispersed.



Transmission of the virus can be reduced by ensuring proper ventilation.





© COVID Prevention | COVID Vaccine



INDIA HAS LAUNCHED WORLD'S LARGEST VACCINATION DRIVE TO FIGHT COVID

COVID vaccines are scientifically tested and safe (minor side effects)

Importance of vaccination:

- Provides immunity against COVID-19 and prevents severe form of disease
- Protects you as well as your family and community from Coronavirus
- Will help stop the pandemic if practiced with COVID appropriate behaviour by all





EAT HEALHY DIET



STAY HEALTHY TO BEAT COVID-19



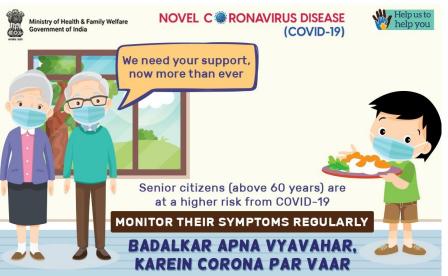
STAY PHYSICALLY ACTIVE



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Major risk factors for severe disease

- Age more than **60 years**
- Underlying non-Communicable diseases like Hypertension, DM (Diabetes Mellitus) and other immunocompromised states, other ailments of heart/lung/kidney/liver, Cerebrovascular diseases and Obesity











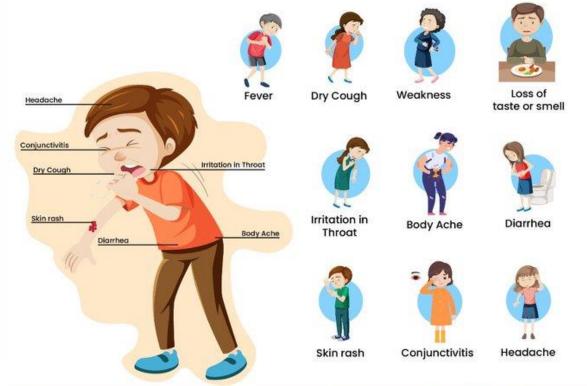




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COMMON & RARE symptoms of COVID-19



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ISOLATE YOURSELF

GET YOURSELF TESTED

CONSULT A DOCTOR













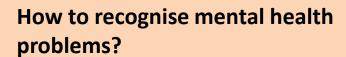
Concerns:

- Social Isolation
- Fear of disease
- Rumours and fake news
- Loss of loved ones
- Loss of livelihood, financial stress



People at risk:

- Children and adolescents
- Elderly persons
- Pregnant and postpartum women
- Frontline workers
- People in quarantine/home isolation
- People with disabilities
- Transgenders



- Persistent or prolonged sadness
- Tiredness
- Change in eating/sleeping patterns
- Feeling of hopelessness
- Lack of interest in previously enjoyed tasks
- Suicidal thoughts







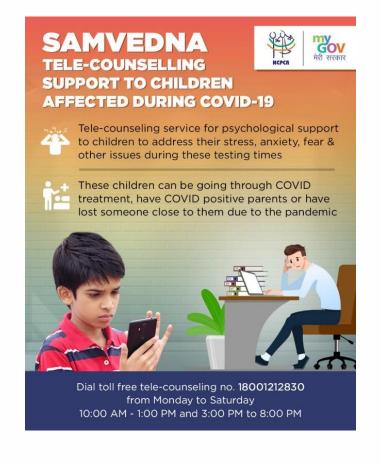
















Other Helplines:

National COVID Helpline 1075 (toll-free) or 011-23978046

104 Helpline for health-related concerns

Child helpline: 1098

NIMHANS helpline for mental health 08046110007





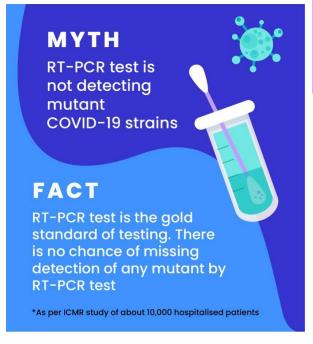
MYTH

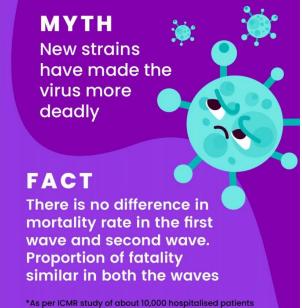
While older people were at greater risk during the first wave, younger people and children are now at a higher risk

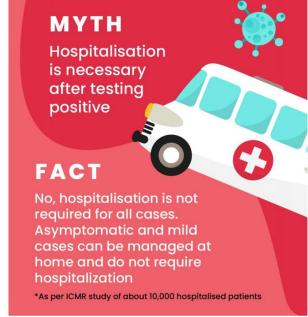
FACT

No evidence of the young being at greater risk in the second wave. About 70% of hospitalised cases are above 40 years of age. The average of patients in the first wave was 50 years and in this wave, it is 49 years.

*As per ICMR study of about 10,000 hospitalised patients







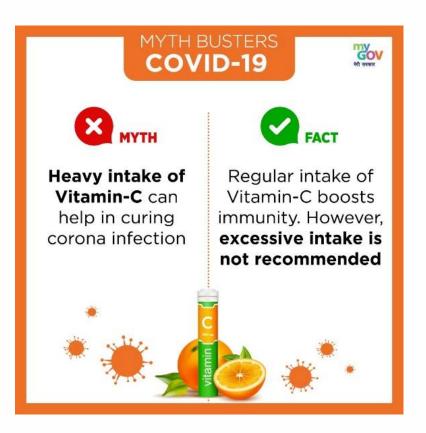








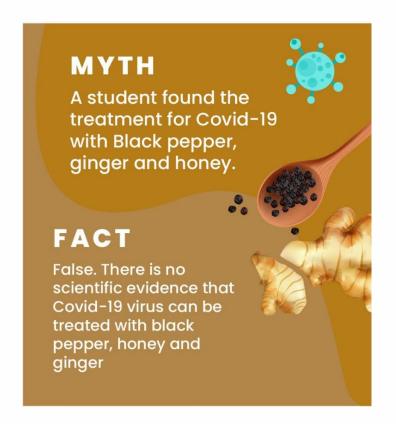


















IN ANY EPIDEMIC, IT IS COMMON FOR INDIVIDUALS TO FEEL STRESSED AND WORRIED BECAUSE THEY FEAR

- Falling ill and dying
- Avoiding approaching Health facilities due to fear of becoming infected while in care
- Fear of losing livelihoods, not being able to work during isolation and of being dismissed from work
- Fear of being socially excluded/place in quarantine because of being associated with the disease
- Feeling powerless in protecting loved ones and fear of losing loved ones because of the virus or being separated during quarantine
- Feelings of helplessness, boredom, loneliness and depression due to being isolated and not working towards caring for a dependent
- Stress is caused due to the above fears and being treated as an outcaste or blamed for spreading the disease







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The level of stigma associated with COVID-19 is based on 3 main factors

- COVID -19 is a new disease about which many things are still being discovered
- When something is unknown people are worried which leads to fear
- Rumours or fake news give wrong information and spreads the fear











MAKES PEOPLE HIDE THEIR PROBLEMS



KEEPS PEOPLE AWAY FROM ACCESSING **HEALTH SERVICES AND SEEKING HELP**



DISCOURAGES THEM FROM ADOPTING **HEALTHY BEHAVIOURS**

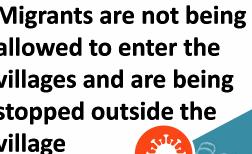




AAAs, police personnel, cleanliness workers, Piramal team members not being allowed to enter the village perception is that they may be carriers of **Coronavirus**



Migrants are not being allowed to enter the villages and are being stopped outside the village





Discrimination based on religion/caste is at peak specially when cases are from any particular community



Decline in institutional deliveries - families of PW are afraid to visit the hospital



Bursting COVID myths

Managing Social Stigmas

Promoting COVID Appropriate Behaviours & Vaccination







Work with COMMUNITY INFLUENCERS







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LEADER

SELF MOTIVATED

HAS KNOWLEDGE

VISIONARY

POWERFUL

ABLE TO COMMUNICATE

RESPECTED BY THE COMMUNITY







PRI members including Sarpanch and other elected members

Local politicians/ward members

Tribal leaders/influencers

Faith/Religious leaders

Leaders of SHGs

Other social influencers like teachers, ration shop owners, doctors, social workers, youth volunteers – NYKS etc.







PRI Members

Faith Leaders





Tribal leaders/Influencers

Student Volunteers -NYKS, Women **Empowerment Cell**









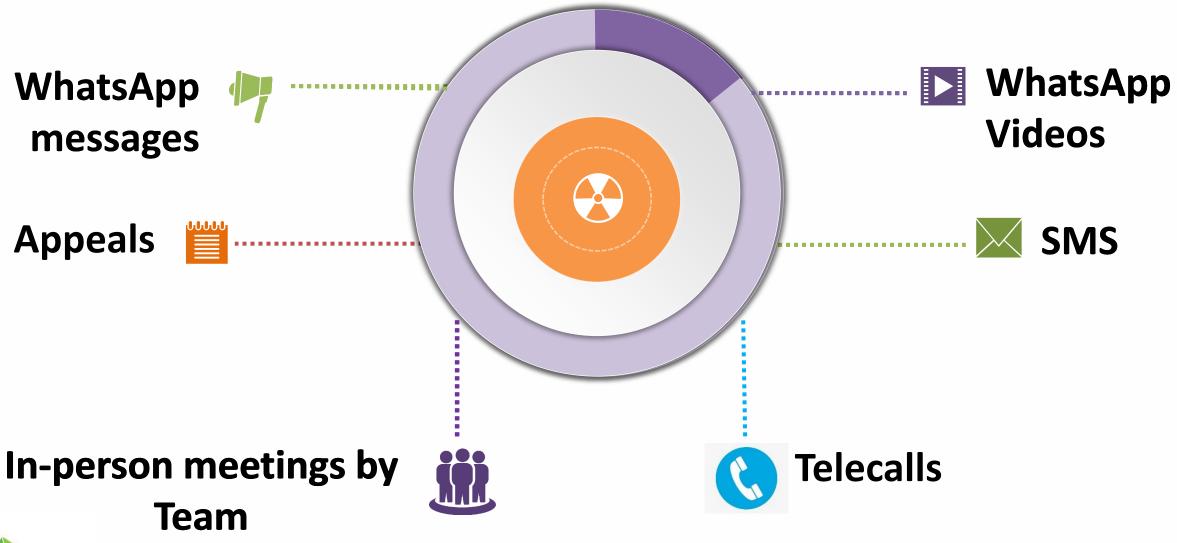
- Signs and symptoms of COVID-19
- COVID Appropriate Behaviours
- Stigma & Discrimination
 - o Health workers
 - Quarantined people & people affected with COVID-19 and their families
 - People recovered from COVID-19 and their families
- Support with Quarantine facilities
- Restarting of important health and nutrition services (VHSND sessions) in their village
- Counselling community for accessing important health and nutrition services (VHSND sessions) in their village
- Importance of COVID Vaccination

















Vaccination camp organised by PRI members



BTO orienting PRI member in containment zone



PRI members oriented on vaccination uptake



Handwashing demonstration



Mask distribution and Sanitization



Nigrani Samiti Meeting with Community, Shravasti, Uttar Pradesh

Piramal Swasthya



45 वर्ष से ऊपर के सभी लोग कोरोना का टीका जरूर लगवाएं



इस्लामिया मदरसे के कारी अमीन ने का टीका आवश्यक रूप से लगा लें। उन्होंने बताया कि कोरोना की दूसरी के ब्लॉक ट्रांसफॉर्मेसन अधिकारी लहर वापस आ गई। हम सभी को

सावधानियां बरतनी है और 45 वर्ष से ऊपर के सभी लोग कोरोना का टीका लगा लें। इस अवसर पर खंड मख्य चिकित्सा अधिकारी डॉ. लॉग मोहम्मद राजड व पिरामल स्वास्थ्य



Abdul Siddiqui taking the COVID vaccine himself



Faith leader orienting community members on VHSND



Safiur Rahman our trained IFL leader orienting the community on CAB and demonstrating handwashing



Food distribution to community



Imam Abdul Malek meeting and counselling a quarantined family using IEC material provided by Piramal Swasthya



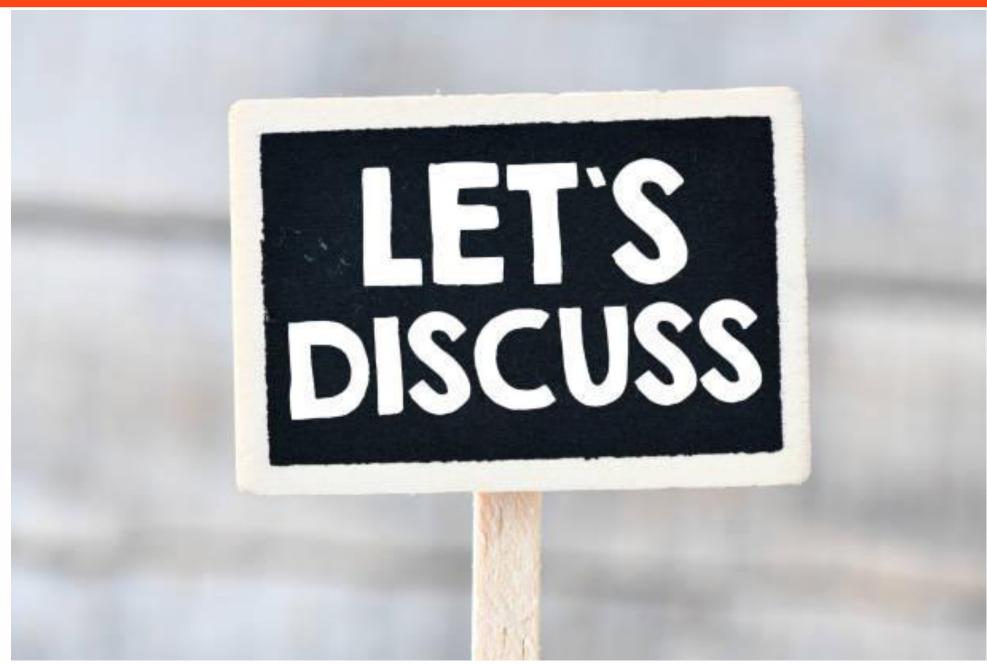
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- MY GOV https://www.mygov.in/
- PIRAMAL SWASTHYA https://www.piramalswasthya.org/
- MINISTRY OF HEALTH & FAMILY WELFARE https://www.mohfw.gov.in/
- UNICEF IEC Warehouse https://iec.unicef.in/category/index/covid-19
- Psychosocial Support for Children during COVID-19 https://www.unicef.org/india/media/3401/file/PSS-COVID19-
 Manual-ChildLine.pdf
- COVID-19 news by Ministry of Information and Broadcasting https://twitter.com/COVIDNewsByMIB?s=20
- https://www.mohfw.gov.in/pdf/MindingourmindsduringCoronaeditedat.pdf
- https://www.mohfw.gov.in/pdf/mentalhealthelderly.pdf

















STAY SAFE PRACTICE CAB



